# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

## **2023 REGULAR SESSION**

## ENROLLED

## House Bill 3448

BY DELEGATES KELLY AND HOTT

[Passed March 7, 2023; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §62-12-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to probation officer field training; and granting field training probation officers the power of
 a full probation officer while on duty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### **ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.**

### §62-12-5. Probation officers and assistants.

(a) Each circuit court, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals and in
 accordance with its rules, is authorized to appoint one or more probation officers and clerical
 assistants.

(b) The appointment of probation officers and clerical assistants shall be in writing and
entered on the order book of the court by the judge making such appointment and a copy of the
order of appointment shall be delivered to the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of
Appeals. The order of appointment shall state the annual salary, fixed by the judge and approved
by the Supreme Court of Appeals, to be paid to the appointed probation officer or clerical
assistants.

10 (c) The salary of probation officers and clerical assistants shall be paid at least twice per 11 month, as the Supreme Court of Appeals by rule may direct, and they shall be reimbursed for all 12 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the line of duty in the field. The salary 13 and expenses shall be paid by the state from the judicial accounts thereof. The county commission 14 shall provide adequate office space for the probation officer and his or her assistants to be 15 approved by the appointing court. The equipment and supplies as may be needed by the 16 probation officer and his or her assistants shall be provided by the state and the cost thereof shall 17 be charged against the judicial accounts of the state.

(d) A judge may not appoint any probation officer, assistant probation officer, or clerical
assistant who is related to him or her either by consanguinity or affinity.

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(e) Subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals and in accordance with its
rules, a judge of a circuit court whose circuit comprises more than one county may appoint a
probation officer and a clerical assistant in each county of the circuit or may appoint the same
persons to serve in these respective positions in two or more counties in the circuit.

(f) Nothing contained in this section alters, modifies, affects, or supersedes the appointment or tenure of any probation officer, medical assistant, or psychiatric assistant appointed by any court under any special act of the Legislature heretofore enacted, and the salary or compensation of those persons shall remain as specified in the most recent amendment of any special act until changed by the court, with approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals, by order entered of record, and any such salary or compensation shall be paid out of the State Treasury.

(g) In order to carry out the supervision responsibilities set forth in §62-26-12 of this code,
the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals, or his or her designee, in accordance
with the court's procedures, may hire multijudicial-circuit probation officers, to be employed
through the court's Division of Probation Services. Such officers may also supervise probationers
who are on probation for sexual offences with the approval of the administrative director of the
Supreme Court of Appeals or his or her designee.

(h) In recognition of the duties of their employment supervising confinement and
supervised release, and the inherent arrest powers for violation of the same which constitute law
enforcement, state probation officers are determined to be qualified law-enforcement officers as
that term is used in 18 U.S.C. § 926B.

40 (i) Any state probation officer may carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes
41 pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 926B if the following criteria are met:

42 (1) The Supreme Court of Appeals has a written policy authorizing probation officers to43 carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes.

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44 (2) There is in place a requirement that the state probation officers annually qualify in the
45 use of a firearm with standards for qualification which are equal to, or exceed those required of
46 sheriff's deputies by the Law-Enforcement Professional Standards Program;

47 (3) The Supreme Court of Appeals issues a photographic identification and certification
48 card which identify the state probation officers as qualified law-enforcement employees pursuant
49 to the provisions of §30-29-12 of this code.

50 (j) Any policy instituted pursuant to this subsection shall include provisions which:

51 (1) Preclude or remove a person from participation in the concealed firearm program;

52 (2) Preclude from participation persons prohibited by federal or state law from possessing
53 or receiving a firearm and;

54 (3) Prohibit persons from carrying a firearm pursuant to the provisions of this subsection
55 while in an impaired state as defines in §17C-5-2 of this code.

(k) Any state probation officer who participates in a program authorized by the provisions
of this subsection is responsible, at his or her expense, for obtaining and maintaining a suitable
firearm and ammunition.

(I) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the amendments to this section during the
2022 regular session of the Legislature to authorize state probation officers wishing to do so to
meet the requirements of the federal Law-Enforcement Officer's Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B.

(m) The privileges authorized by the amendments to this section enacted during the 2022
regular session of the Legislature are wholly within the discretion of the Supreme Court of
Appeals.

(n) The Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals, or his or her designee,
may hire field training probation officers to provide uniform training to new and current probation
officers statewide. A field training probation officer shall have all the powers granted to a
probation officer under this code while performing his or her duties.

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The Clerk of the House of Delegates and the Clerk of the Senate hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Originated in the House of Delegates.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within is .....

Day of ....., 2023.

Governor